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# FIRST SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION NOVEMBER 2020

B.C.A.

#### BCA 1C 02—DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

(2019 Admissions)

Time: Two Hours

Maximum: 60 Marks

#### Section A (Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer at least eight questions.

Each question carries 3 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 24.

- 1. Define proposition with an example.
- 2. Draw the truth table of conjunction of two statements P and Q
- 3. Define tautology.
- 4. Prove that  $(P \rightarrow Q) \Leftrightarrow \neg P \lor Q$ .
- 5. Define Boolean function.
- 6. Define least upper bound in Poset.
- 7. State two forms of De-Morgan's law.
- 8. Define a Graph.
- 9. Define pendant vertex of a graph. Give an example.
- 10. Define path in a graph.
- 11. What are bipartite graphs?
- 12. Write any two properties of a tree.

 $(8 \times 3 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

Turn over

## Section B (Short Essay Type Questions)

Answer at least five questions.

Each question carries 5 marks.

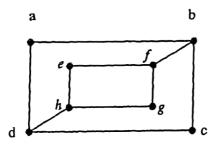
All questions can be attended.

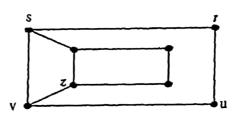
Overall Ceiling 25.

- 13. Show that  $\neg P \land (\neg Q \land R) \lor (Q \land R) \lor (P \land R) \Leftrightarrow R$ .
- 14. Show that  $(P \vee Q) \wedge \neg (\neg P \wedge (\neg (Q \vee \neg R)) \vee (\neg P \wedge \neg Q) \vee (\neg P \wedge \neg R)$  is a tautology.
- 15. Let X = { 1, 2, 3, 4} If R =  $\{\langle x, y \rangle / x y \text{ is an integral non-zero multiple of 2, } x \& y \in X\}$  S =  $\{\langle x, y \rangle / x y \text{ is an integral non-zero multiple of 3, } x \& y \in X\}$ .

Then find R, S, R  $\cup$  S and R  $\cap$  S.

16. Show that the following graphs are not isomorphic?





- 17. For a directed tree explain the following terms with an example.
  - (a) Root.

(b) Leaf.

- (c) Branch node.
- 18. In a simple graph, the length of any elementary path is less than or equal to n-1, where n is the number of nodes in the graph.
- 19. Show that the sum of indegrees of all the nodes of a simple digraph is equal to the sum of out degrees of all its nodes and this sum is equal to the number of edges of the graph.

 $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$ 

### Section C (Essay Type Questions)

Answer any one question.

The question carries 11 marks.

- 20. Define equivalence relation. Show that the congruence relation on the set of integers is an equivalence relation.
- 21. (a) Define partially ordered set:
  - (b) Explain Hasse Diagram.
  - (c) Let  $X = \{2, 3, 6, 12, 24, 36\}$  and the relation  $\leq$  be such that  $x \leq y$  if x divides y. Draw the hasse diagram of poset  $\langle X, \leq \rangle$ .

 $(1 \times 11 = 11 \text{ marks})$